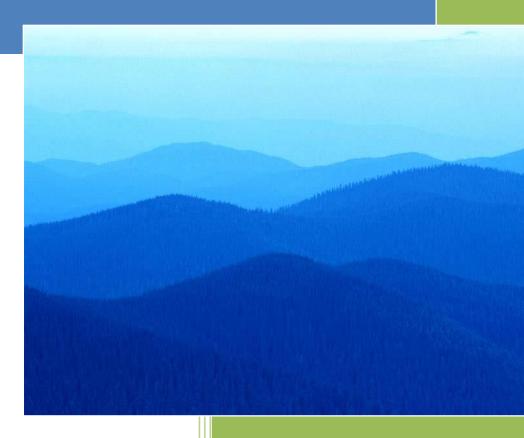
Orientation Program for Infection Control Professionals



Module 3: Hand Hygiene

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Module 3: Hand Hygiene

Objectives

- At the completion of this module the ICP will:
- Demonstrate a basic knowledge of Hand Hygiene by completing the exercises in this module
- Describe the anatomy and physiology pertaining to skin and hands
- Understand the relationship between Hand Hygiene and the reduction of Healthcare-Associated Infection (HAI) rates
- Identify the indications, methods, and techniques for performing Hand Hygiene
- Describe a Hand Hygiene program within the Infection Control Program of your facility using the key components of the Hand Hygiene program:
 - Purpose and objectives
 - Use of performance indicators (e.g., audit tools)
 - Staff Education and motivational programs
 - Policy
 - Strong commitment by all stakeholders
 - Communicating performance indicator results

Number of hours

- Key Concepts 4 hours
- Methods 4 hours

Required readings

- BC Provincial Hand Hygiene Guidelines https://www.picnet.ca/guidelines/hand-hygiene/
- Accreditation Canada information from your health authority.

Required texts

- APIC Text of Infection Control & Epidemiology 2nd or 3rd Edition-Chapter 19
- Bennett JV & Brachman PS. Bennett & Brachman's Hospital Infections. 5th ed. Ed. William R Jarvis: Philadelphia, PA, 2007 Chapter 3

Other readings

• World Health Organization: WHO Guidelines on Hand Hygiene in Health Care.

Overview

Hand hygiene has been identified as the most effective way of preventing the transmission of healthcare-associated infection to patients, staff and visitors in all healthcare settings. Hand hygiene represents a new term in the healthcare vocabulary thus it is critical that all infection control professionals become familiar with the new terminology and the heightened emphasis placed on hand hygiene in healthcare settings.

Key Concepts
Background and Evidence for Hand Hygiene
Describe the physiology of normal skin
Describe how healthcare-associated pathogens are transmitted from one patient to another
γιος
Why is adherence to hand hygiene is considered the single most important practice for preventing the
transmission of pathogens in healthcare?
transmission of patriogens in neutricare.
What is the conveletion between hand by since and healthcore associated infectious?
What is the correlation between hand hygiene and healthcare-associated infections?

Hand Hygiene

Hand Hygiene is considered the most important and most effective infection prevention and control measure to prevent the spread of healthcare-associated infections (HAIs). Despite this compliance with Hand Hygiene protocols by healthcare providers has been and continues to be low, ranging from 20-50 %.

Define hand hygiene
Describe the two correct methods for performing hand hygiene
1.
2.
Outline the factors to determine which method to use
What is the preferred method for hand hygiene in healthcare settings and why?

Indications	for	Hand	Hygiene
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List the <u>Before</u> and <u>After</u> moments in healthcare in which hand hygiene must be performed	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

List other recommended times hand hygiene should be preformed		

Hand Hygiene Technique

Correct technique is a fundamental part of Hand Hygiene.

Key considerations for hand hygiene technique

List the keys points of consideration in relation to hand hygiene		
Adequate time		
Areas often missed		
Nail length		
Nail polish		
Artificial nails		
Rings/jewellery/ bracelets		
Clothing		

Compare techniques

There are two available methods for performing hand hygiene which have strengths and limitations. Complete the following exercise:

	Alcohol-based Hand Rub	Traditional Soap and Water	
Strengths			
Limitations			

Other points to consider

No matter which method of hand hygiene performed, it is important to select the right products / agents.

List the keys points of consideration with each of the following:

Concentration of alcohol in ABHR used in healthcare settings
Plain vs. antimicrobial soap for hand washing
Point of care staff involvement
Ease of use
Why doesn't the use of gloves replace the need for Hand Hygiene?

Methods

Review your facility's hand hygiene policy
Is there a written Hand Hygiene Policy? How often is it required to be revised/updated? Where is it located?
From the list below select all elements that are included in your facility's Hand Hygiene policy
Indications for Hand Hygiene
Selection of Hand Hygiene agent
Management of soap containers
Management of alcohol-based hand rub containers
Hand lotion use
Use of alcohol-based hand rubs
Hand Hygiene monitoring and compliance audits
Mandatory requirements for employees, if yes please describe
Use of artificial nails, jewellery, length of nails, & nail polish
Do you have any suggestions on how your hand hygiene policy might be improved?
Your Hand Hygiene Education Program

Your Hand Hygiene Education Program

Review your present education program

Hand Hygiene (HH) Education Program	Comments
Does the facility have an HH education program?	
Outline staff education, including when, to whom, and how often	

Hand Hygiene (HH) Education Program	Comments
Is HH education mandatory?	
Deview the advertise appropriate if	
Review the education program and determine if the following topics are covered:	
the following topics are covered.	
✓ Importance of and indications for HH	
✓ Techniques for HH	
✓ Strategies to maintain healthy hands	
✓ Appropriate use of gloves	
✓ Healthcare workers' perceived barriers to HH	
✓ Use of artificial nails, nail polish, length of nails	
& jewellery	
Who has responsibility for the delivery of the HH	
education?	

Education tools

Complete the Provincial Hand Hygiene Education Module found on the PICNet website.

After completing the module, answer the following	ng:
Does your organization have a Hand Hygiene	
education module available for the healthcare	
workers? If so, how often are staff required to	
complete the module, and is it mandatory?	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Teaching aids

Teaching aids such as the Glo-Germ have been used to reinforce technique and compliance with Hand Hygiene.

List any teaching aids available in your institution for hand hygiene education	
Posters and other visual cues	
	promote hand hygiene in your facility
How long have they been used?	
Is there a process to change	
them at certain intervals?	
Hand Hygiona avarsisa	
Hand Hygiene exercise Demonstrate hand hygiene tech	nique to vour mentor
Method	Comments
ABHR	
Soap and water	
Hand Hygiene Compliance	
Factors affecting compliance wit	th hand hygiene
List the factors that reduce comp	liance
with hand hygiene	
What are some ways to increase	
compliance with hand hygiene?	

Occupational Health

Hand Care	
Does a strategy exist for hand care to	
promote healthy skin?	
Which department is involved in the hand	
care strategy?	
What is the process when a healthcare	
worker presents with breaks in skin	
integrity?	
List actions to promote hand care	

Hand Hygiene Agents

Review the hand hygiene agents in use in your facility		
Is the IPC staff involved with the tendering process for the hand hygiene agents?		
Soap		
☐ Type used		
☐ Bar soap use in your facility (patients personal use only)		
ABHR		
☐ Alcohol concentration		
☐ Formulation (gel, liquid or rinses)		
☐ Safety consideration		
☐ Placement of dispensers		
Antimicrobial soap		
☐ Indications for use		
Surgical hand antisepsis product (for use in OR only)		

Hand Hygiene Monitoring

Review the Hand Hygiene audit process	
Is there a hand hygiene audit process	
for your facility?	
Who conducts the audits?	
Is there an education session for	
persons conducting the audit?	
Identify the methods used for	
collecting data to evaluate	
compliance?	
Who analyzes the data from the	
audits?	
How are the audits reported?	
Are staff provided with feedback from	
the audits?	
Who is responsible for implementing	
any changes recommended by the	
audits?	

Hand Hygiene Programs

Although hand washing with soap and water has been a part personal hygiene rituals for centuries the link between hand washing and the spread of disease was only established about two hundred years ago. However during the past few years there has been great emphasis placed on hand hygiene in healthcare. Hand hygiene has been promoted as a critical indicator of an institutions commitment to patient safety. Some of the programs which have been advocated include:

- Clean Care is Safer Care World Health Organization
- STOP! Clean Your Hands Canadian Patient Safety Institute Safer Healthcare Now!
- Just Clean Your Hands Ontario Ministry of Health & Long Term Care
- Cleanyourhands England and Wales

The BC Provincial Hand Hygiene Working Group and the Provincial Infectious Diseases Advisory Committee has advocated the following as key components of an effective Hand Hygiene Program.

Leadership

Senior/middle management support

Effective

Hand Hygiene

Program

Ongoing Monitoring

Compliance,
performance
indicators and
feedback to
healthcare providers

Infrastructure

User input into product selection and placement

Hand care program

Point-of-care ABHR

Free-standing hand

Education

Staff motivation, education and training

Visual workplace reminders

Champions and Role Models

Opinion leaders and champions modeling the right behaviour

Patient Engagement

Patient, family, visitor engagement

Hand Hygiene Program

Review the "Hand Hygiene Program" or Hand Hygiene strategies in your facility and determine if it has the following components:

Leadership support

Policies & Procedures

Education

- Formal staff education
- Posters

Hand Hygiene Program	
Champions and Role Models	
Administrative	
Employee	
Patient Engagement	
Strategies to engage patients	
 Posters 	
Environmental Controls	
Point of care ABHR	
User input into the product and	
placement of product	
Ongoing Monitoring	
• Audits	
Re-audits	

Documentation and Reporting

One of the steps to a successful audit is the post audit stage which includes: completing the summary score sheet, determining recommendations, meeting with stakeholders to discuss these findings and recommendations and preparing a final report including all recommendations. These recommendations must be distributed to the "appropriate person(s)".

Documentation and Reporting	
If your facility completes audits of Hand Hygiene initia	tives, complete the following:
Does IPC meet with the stakeholders regarding the	
results of audit?	
Is a final report prepared for the stakeholders based	
on feedback from this meeting?	
Who receives the final report?	
Are items prioritized for action?	

Documentation and Reporting	
Are there time lines as to when the items will be	
actioned?	
Is there a date set for a re-audit?	

Other Issues

Campaigns

Many institutions have used campaigns to promote Hand Hygiene in their facilities. This may include internal and external campaigns and the utilization of multimedia processes.

Determine if your facility uses Hand Hygiene Campaigns	