COVID-19's Challenges to Infection Control Dogma

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Traditional Dogma

- Most respiratory viruses are spread via droplets
 Short-range spread = droplets; long-distance spread = aerosols
- Surgical masks provide adequate protection against most respiratory viruses under most conditions
- Selected procedures increase aerosol generation; these procedures merit higher level respiratory protection
 - N95 respirators, airborne infection isolation rooms

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Viral Emissions Vary by Person Differences in quantity of influenza virus RNA emitted by 26 patients 25000-20 000 -Large variation in quantity of viral emissions between patients per 10 L volume 15000-A copies printer print NA 5000 fuff High HID_{co} threshold (1950 RNA copies) ow HID₅₀ threshold (90 RNA copies) 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 4 Patient Number Bischoff, J Infect Dis 2013;207:1037-1046 Fennelly, Lancet Respir Med 2020;8:914-924



If SARS-CoV-2 is spread by aerosols, how come we rarely see transmission over long distances?

















were infected

Brigham & Women's Hospital,

- 25 patients diagnosed with SARS-CoV-2 after admission to a shared
- 31 potentially exposed roommates Roommates ~7 feet apart and
- 18 hours (IQR 12-47 hours)
- 12/31 (39%) roommates infected

Karan, Clin Infect Dis 2022;74(6):1097-1100



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The Intubation Paradox

• It's not the procedure, it's the patient!

- Associations between procedures and healthcare worker infections more likely due to the circumstances surrounding procedures rather than the procedures themselves
 - Severe illness (high viral loads)
 - Significant symptoms (tachypnea, heavy breathing, coughing)
 - Profound proximity to the respiratory tract
 - Sustained exposure

Klompas, JAMA Surgery 2021;156:113-114

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Where does this leave us?















Risk & Protection Exists on a Continuum Factors That Increase Risk **Factors That Decrease Risk** • Low community incidence • High community incidence Lower viral load • Higher viral load • Lack of symptoms • Symptoms • Distance • Proximity Brevity Longer exposure Good ventilation 0 Poor ventilation • Mask on patient Lack of masking Mask on provider • Lack of vaccination N95 > KN95 > facemask • Vaccination

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Summary

- SARS-CoV-2 and other respiratory viruses are transmitted by respiratory particles in a range of sizes, mostly aerosols
- Surgical masks decrease transmission but do not eliminate it. N95s are more effective.
- Most "aerosol generating procedures" do not generate aerosols
- There is now a high level of acquired immunity. Covid thus mild for most But hospitals concentrate the small subset of society still vulnerable to severe infection & death from SARS-CoV-2 and other respiratory viruses. Measures to protect patients still needed, particularly when community viral activity elevated.
- Stay humble!

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